



(19)

Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



(11)

EP 0 803 245 A1

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:
29.10.1997 Bulletin 1997/44

(51) Int. Cl.⁶: **A61K 7/48**

(21) Application number: 97201129.0

(22) Date of filing: 16.04.1997

(84) Designated Contracting States:
DE ES FR GB IT

(72) Inventor: **Avalle, Nadia**
20124 Milano (IT)

(30) Priority: 23.04.1996 IT MI960792

(74) Representative: **Mittler, Enrico**
c/o Mittler & C. s.r.l.,
Viale Lombardia, 20
20131 Milano (IT)

(71) Applicant: **INTERCOS ITALIA S.p.A.**
I-20124 Milano (IT)

(54) **A compact solid gel containing water**

(57) A compact solid gel is described containing water, that consists of water in a concentration ranging from 15% to 90%, thermoreversible polysaccharides in a concentration ranging from 0.3% to 4%, humectant compounds in a concentration ranging from 4% to 40%, and powder phase in a concentration ranging from 2% to 35%.

EP 0 803 245 A1

Description

The present invention relates to a compact-structure solid gel containing water.

There exist currently on the market several types of gel containing water, both in the sectors of detergency, skin care, sun-cream and in the sectors of make-up products.

These gels have the disadvantage of being in a liquid, semiliquid or pasty form so that it is indispensable for them to be included permanently in a container for confining and containing them, while their use in the form of a stick is substantially prevented.

The object of the present invention has been that of providing a gel containing water, that exhibits particular features of solidity and compactness, so that it can be applied directly to the skin or taken with the fingers or with a special applicator, in any case without its form having to be compulsorily confined by a container during the application step.

According to the invention such object has been attained with a gel characterized in that it contains the following ingredients:

- a) water in a concentration ranging from 15% to 90%;
- b) thermoreversible polysaccharides in a concentration ranging from 0.3% to 4%;
- c) humectant compounds in a concentration ranging from 4% to 40%;
- d) powder phase in a concentration ranging from 2% to 35%.

The features of the gel according to the invention are linked to the thermoreversibility of the natural polysaccharide structures singly or in combination with one another, such as Carrageenin, Agar, gellan, alginic acid and salts thereof with alkaline and alkaline-earth metals, in the presence of water either singly or in mixture with humectant substances, in turn either pure or mixed with one another, such as glycerine, polypropylene glycol, hexylene glycol, butylene glycol, pentylene glycol, dipropylene glycol, sorbitol, mannitol, xylitol, PEG POE derivatives, dimethicone copoliol.

Thanks to the thermoreversibility of the polysaccharides, liquid when hot and solid when cold, the product is prepared under heat and then cast in a special die or container, where cooling at room temperature determines a progressive change in the cross-linking of the gel and its consequent solidification with no sharp transition from liquid to solid.

The structure can also be stiffened with electrolytes in a concentration ranging from 0% to 2.5% containing Na⁺, K⁺, Ca⁺⁺, Mg⁺⁺ cations and Cl⁻, SO₄⁻⁻, CO₃⁻⁻, PO₄⁻⁻⁻ anions.

The structure of the product can also be modulated with the use of soaps of fatty acids (with chain from C5 to C22) or of soaps of esters of fatty acids (with chain from C5 to C22) with hydroxy acids such as lactic acid,

tartaric acid, malic acid, citric acid, succinic acid, in a concentration ranging from 0% to 7%.

The powder phase consists of various excipients of traditional use in cosmetics such as mica, kaolin, talc, nylon 12, starch, zinc oxide, polymers and copolymers of acrylates, of polyethylene, silica, spherical silicas, spherical silicones, singly and in mixture with one another or combined with pigments such as iron oxides, chromium oxides and hydroxides, ultramarine blue, ultramarine rose, manganese violet, titanium dioxide, pearls based on mica and titanium dioxide, pearls based on mica and bismuth oxychloride, carmine, lacquers based on organic dyes as per CTFA.

With the object of improving the dispersion of the pigments in the gel and their correct application on the skin the components of the powder phase are coated singly or in a mixture with silicone, dimethicone, lecithin, perfluoropolyethers, metallic soaps, lauroyl lysine, amino acids.

Excipients coated with one of the materials mentioned above can be mixed with one another in the product.

There is thus obtained a solid, compact product that is easy to spread, that can contain pigments for a decorative application or be a vehicle of active substances and/or sun cream filters.

Thanks to its content of water the gel according to the invention provides at the moment of application a feeling of freshness and forms a film that enhances the life of the pigments and of the vehicle products on the skin.

Moreover, such compact gel allows a more-easily controlled withdrawal that makes the application particularly pleasant. The quantities withdrawn and the thin film of product released on the skin do not provide a feeling of stickiness and the application is homogeneous and well-controlled.

Lastly the short time required for the evaporation of the volatile phase allows a good shading, that gives rise to a film with a good holding ability.

Some formulations suitable for specific destinations of the gel according to the invention are provided hereunder as a non-limiting example.

SOLID GEL SUN-CREAM	
Water	57.18
Mica	9.00
Micro titanium dioxide	8.10
Polysaccharide	5.00
Hexylene glycol	5.00
Glycerine	4.50
Dimethicone Copoliol	4.50
PEG 200	3.20
Fragrance	0.70
Xanthane gum	1.00
Phenoxyethanol	0.30
Methyl parabene	0.20
Lauroyl lysine	0.20
Propyl parabene	0.10
Carrageenin	1.10
Sodium hyaluronate	0.02
TOTAL	100.00

SOLID GEL	
Water	61.15
Biosaccharide Gum-1	2.50
Hexylene glycol	5.00
Glycerine	4.50
Dimethicone Copoliol	4.50
PEG 200	3.20
Sodium stearate	1.30
Sodium polymethacrylate	2.00
Sodium chloride	0.50
Xanthane gum	1.00
Phenoxyethanol	0.30
Methyl parabene	0.25
Lauroyl lysine	0.20
Propyl parabene	0.10
Carrageenin	0.60
Titanium dioxide 77891	3.04
Brown iron oxide 77491/92/99	1.72
Iron oxide 77492	0.14
Iron oxide 77491	1.00
Iron oxide 77499	1.00
Timica gold bronze	3.00
Timica brill. gold	3.00
TOTAL	100.00

SOLID GEL FOR MAKE-UP	
Water	55.32
Biosaccharide Gum-1	4.00
Glycerine	1.00
PEG 200	16.00
PEG 400	3.00
Sodium polymethacrylate	0.80
Sodium chloride	1.90
Phenoxyethanol	0.30
Methyl parabene	0.25
Sodium stearate	2.00
Panthenol	1.00
Propyl parabene	0.10
Carrageenin	1.70
Sodium hyaluronate	0.04
Titanium dioxide 77891	8.00
Brown iron oxide 77491/92/99	1.20
Iron oxide 77492	0.09
Mica	3.50
TOTAL	100.00

Claims

1. A gel characterized in that it contains the following ingredients:
 - a) water in a concentration ranging from 15% to 90%;
 - b) thermoreversible polysaccharides in a concentration ranging from 0.3% to 4%;
 - c) humectant compounds in a concentration ranging from 4% to 40%;
 - d) powder phase in a concentration ranging from 2% to 35%.
2. A gel according to claim 1, characterized in that said polysaccharides comprise, singly or in combination, Carrageenin, Agar, gellan, alginic acid and salts thereof with alkaline and alkaline-earth metals.
3. A gel according to claim 1, characterized in that said humectant compounds comprise, singly or in combination, glycerine, polypropylene glycol, hexylene glycol, butylene glycol, pentylene glycol, dipropylene glycol, sorbitol, mannitol, xylitol, PEG POE

derivatives, dimethicone copoliol.

4. A gel according to claim 1, characterized in that it comprises electrolytes in a concentration ranging from 0% to 2.5%.
5. A gel according to claim 4, characterized in that said electrolytes contain Na⁺, K⁺, Ca⁺⁺, Mg⁺⁺ cations and Cl⁻, SO₄⁻⁻, CO₃⁻⁻, PO₄⁻⁻⁻ anions.
6. A gel according to claim 1, characterized in that it comprises soaps of fatty acids with chain from C5 to C22 or soaps of esters of fatty acids with chain from C5 to C22 with hydroxy acids such as lactic acid, tartaric acid, malic acid, citric acid, succinic acid, in a concentration ranging from 0% to 7%.
7. A gel according to claim 1, characterized in that said powder phase consists of excipients of traditional use in cosmetics such as mica, kaolin, talc, nylon 12, starch, zinc oxide, polymers and copolymers of acrylates, of polyethylene, silica, spherical silicas, spherical silicones, singly and in mixture with one another or combined with pigments such as iron oxides, chromium oxides and hydroxides, ultramarine blue, ultramarine rose, manganese violet, titanium dioxide, pearls based on mica and titanium dioxide, pearls based on mica and bismuth oxychloride, carmine, lacquers based on organic dyes as per CTFA.
8. A gel according to claim 7, characterized in that the components of the powder phase are coated singly or in a mixture with silicone, dimethicone, lecithin, perfluoropolyethers, metallic soaps, lauroyl lysine, amino acids.



European Patent
Office

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 97 20 1129

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.6)
X	EP 0 355 908 A (UNILEVER) 28 February 1990 * claims 1,3,6,7 * * page 4, line 45-46 * * page 5, line 21-47 * * examples 4,10,11,15 *	1-7	A61K7/48
X	US 4 618 491 A (T.KANEMATSU,Y.YAMAGUCHI) 21 October 1986 * claims 1,4,5 * * column 3, line 21-34 * * column 4, line 20-36 *	1,3-7	
P,X	DATABASE WPI Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB; AN 97-255881 XP002037600 "Gel or solid fatty acid soap-contains clay minerals e.g. smectite type sodium montmorillonite in fatty acid base soap" & JP 09 087 687 A (NENDO KAGAKU KENKYUSHO), 31 March 1997 * abstract *	1-8	
X	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN vol. 010, no. 094, 11 April 1986 & JP 60 224609 A (POLA KASEI KOGYO), 9 November 1985, * abstract *	1,3,7,8	A61K
X	US 4 291 025 A (M.A.PELLICO) 22 September 1981 * claims 1,3-6 * * column 3, line 58 - column 4, line 4 * * example 1 *	1-5,8	
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 13 August 1997	Examiner Peeters, J
<p>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</p> <p>X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document</p> <p>T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>			

EPO FORM 1503 (01.02.97) (P04/C01)



THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)